

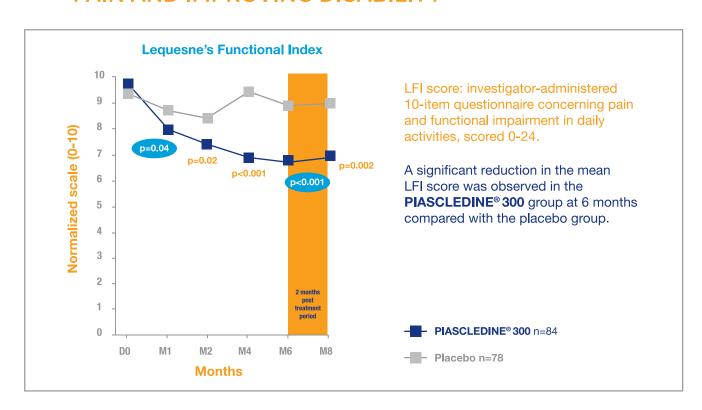


CLINICAL BENEFIT TO IMPROVE MOBILITY





PIASCLEDINE® 300, SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCES KNEE AND HIP OA SYMPTOMS BY DECREASING PAIN AND IMPROVING DISABILITY²



Significant benefits after 1 month and continued for 2 months post treatment

Study design²

Prospective, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel groups, multicentre 8-month trial with a 6-month treatment period followed by 2-month post-treatment follow-up-164 patients with knee or hip OA were included.

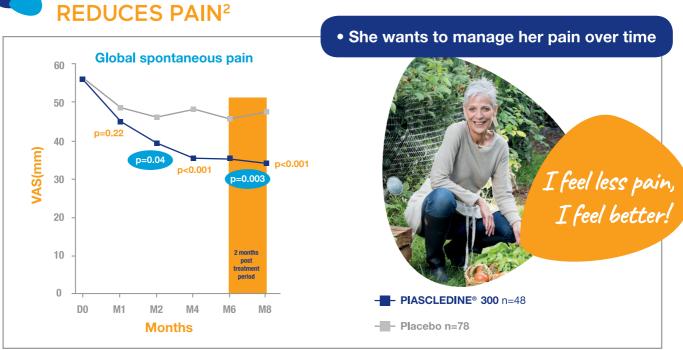
Primary endpoint

Change in Lequesne Functional Index (LFI) from baseline to month 6 between groups.

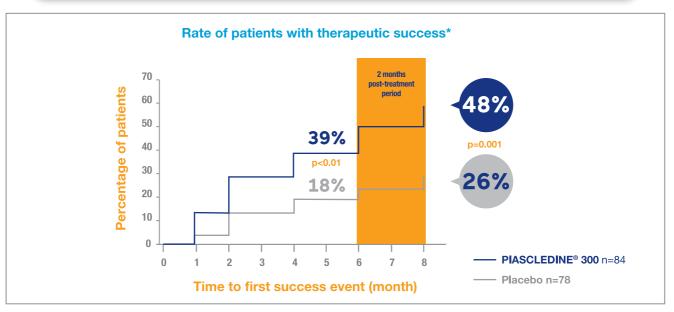
CLINICAL BENEFIT TO RELIEVE PAIN



PIASCLEDINE® 300, SIGNIFICANTLY



Significant benefits after 2 months and continued for 2 months post treatment



^{*} Success defined as ≥50% improvement in pain and ≥30% improvement on Lequesne Functional Index versus baseline

Success* rate: Significantly more patients treated with PIASCLEDINE® 300 experienced a relevant clinical improvement of their pain and disability

Main secondary endpoints

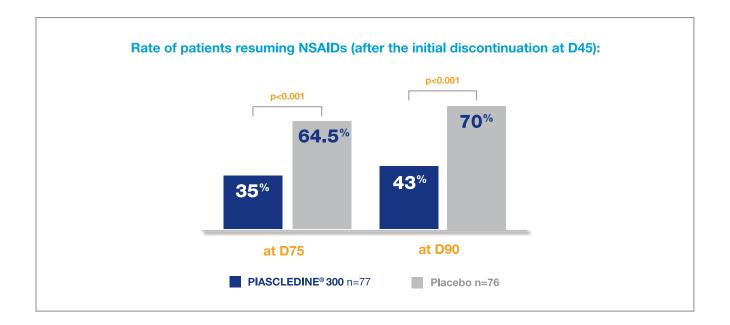
Success rate*, overall spontaneous pain (VAS), overall functional disability (VAS) and safety.

Significantly more patients treated with **PIASCLEDINE® 300** experienced a relevant clinical improvement of their disability and pain. Beneficial effects on pain and functional disability were significantly higher in **PIASCLEDINE® 300** group *versus* placebo group from month 2 and month 4 respectively up to month 6, increased overtime and persisted after treatment discontinuation (between months 6 and 8).

CLINICAL BENEFIT TO REDUCE NSAIDs CONSUMPTION



PIASCLEDINE® 300, SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCES THE USE OF NSAIDs³



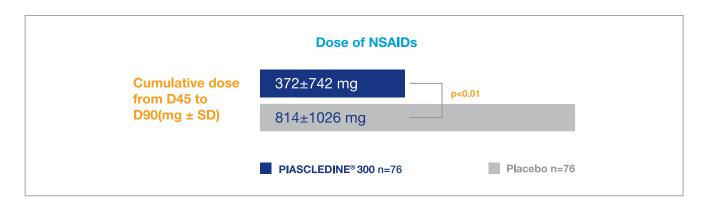
In PIASCLEDINE® 300 group, significantly fewer patients resumed NSAIDs

Study design³

Prospective, phase III, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study. A total of 164 patients with knee or hip OA were included-all patients took 1 of 7 predefined oral NSAIDs during the first half of the study (D0-D45), were asked to stop at D45 and allowed to retake it if needed during the second half (D45-D90).

Primary endpoint

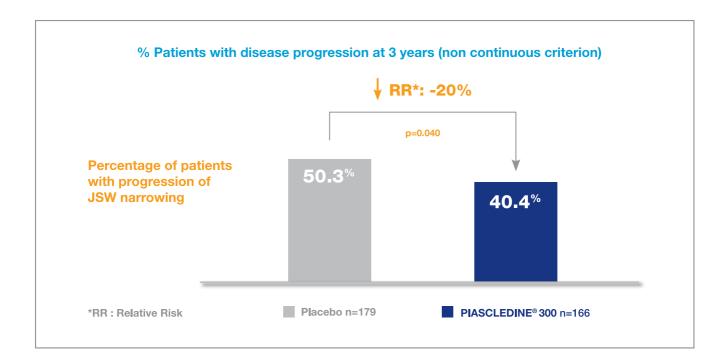
Proportion of patients at D90 who resumed NSAID therapy after the first half of the study (D45). Significantly fewer patients resumed NSAIDs between D60 and D90 in the **PIASCLEDINE® 300** group than in the placebo group.



CLINICAL BENEFIT TO DELAY DISEASE PROGRESSION



PIASCLEDINE® 300, SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCES DISEASE PROGRESSION⁴



20% less patients with disease progression

Study design⁴

Prospective, multicentre, randomised, double-blind, parallel groups, placebo-controlled study-399 patients with hip OA were randomised to receive either **PIASCLEDINE® 300** or placebo once daily for 3 years.

Primary outcome measurement

- Measurement of joint-space narrowing (JSW) on anteroposterior (AP) target hip were made respecting standardized protocol. Three views were taken at selection and then early: a pelvic front AP view, a target hip AP view and a target hip oblique view (false profile).
- All radiographic measurements of JSW were centralized.

Primary endpoint

Change in hip JSW (target hip) between baseline and 3 years as measured on standard radiographs.

PIASCLEDINE® 300, A UNIQUE ANSWER TO ALL YOUR THERAPEUTIC BENEFITS

- Unique composition
- Reduces pain²
- Improves mobility²
- Reduces concomitant NSAIDs consumption³
- Slows OA progression⁴
- Good safety profile^{2,3,4}





The registration conditions of **PIASCLEDINE® 300mg** could differ internationally. Please refer to your local SmPC of **PIASCLEDINE® 300mg** in force and approved by your local health authorities.

1. JA. Buckwalter, JA. Martin. Osteoarthritis. Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews 2006;58:150 - 167. 2. Maheu E, et al. Symptomatic efficacy of avocado / soybean unsaponifiabes in the treatment of osteoarthritis of the knee and hip: A prospective, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multicenter clinical tril with a six-month treatment period and a two-month follow-up demonstrating a persistent effect. Arthritis Rheum 1998;41:81-91. 3. Blotman F, et al. Efficacy and safety of avocado / soybean unsaponifiables in the treatment of symptomatic osteoarthritis of the knee and hip. A prospective, multicenter, three-month, randomized, double - blind, placebo-controlled trial. Rev Rhum (Engl Ed) 1997;64:825-34. 4. Maheu E, et al. Randomised, controlled trial of avocado / soybean unsaponifiable (Piascledine) effect on structure modification in hip osteoarthritis: the ERADIAS study. Ann Rheum Dis 2014;73:376-84.

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